

# Penthor 864

Oil tempered silicon/chromium alloyed valve spring wire from shaved wire rod.

**External Standard:**

The material conforms to VDSiCr according to EN 10270 – 2: 2011

**Further equivalent standards:**

ASTM A877/877M Grade A JIS G3561 SWOSC - V

**Applications:**

Especially suitable for coil springs subjected to high dynamic stresses requiring good fatigue resistance (eg. valve springs), as well as for springs which require high tensile strength and excellent relaxation properties at moderately elevated working temperatures (up to approx. 250°C).

**Range of diameters:**

1.30 to 6.50mm Ø



**Chemical composition (heat analysis):**

C %	Si %	Mn %	P Max %	S Max %	Cu Max %	Cr %
0.50-0.60	1.20-1.60	0.50-0.90	0.025	0.020	0.06	0.50-0.80

**Raw material:**

Wire rod made of Si-killed steel according to in-house specifications.

The wire rod is shaved to eliminate surface defects such as seams, cracks and decarburization.

**Cleanliness acc. to max. T-method:**

Number of non metallic inclusions in the surface area detected on end samples of the wire rod

Size of inclusions	5-10	>10-15	>15 <sup>1)</sup>	µm
Max. number/1000mm <sup>2</sup>	50	7	0	

<sup>1)</sup> As stated by IVSWMA\* it is likely to find occasional inclusions in valve spring quality steel of a size large than 15µm

\* IVSWMA: International Valve Spring Wire Manufacturers Association

**Mechanical Properties: Penthor 864**

Wire diameter mm	Tolerance mm	Tensile strength MPa	Minimum reduction area %	Minimum number of torsions min.	Permissible depth of surf. defects <sup>1)</sup>	Permissible part decarburization depth <sup>1)</sup>
1.30 to 1.40	± 0.020	2080 to 2210	50	5	max. 0.5% of wire diameter	
>1.40 to 1.60		2060 to 2210				
>1.60 to 2.00	± 0.025	2010 to 2160				
>2.00 to 2.50		1960 to 2060				
>2.50 to 2.70		1910 to 2010				
>2.70 to 3.00	± 0.030	1910 to 2010		45		
>3.00 to 3.20		1910 to 2010				
>3.20 to 3.50		1910 to 2010				
>3.50 to 4.00		1860 to 1960				
>4.00 to 4.20		1860 to 1960				
>4.20 to 4.50	± 0.035	1860 to 1960	40	3		
>4.50 to 4.70		1810 to 1910				
>4.70 to 5.00		1810 to 1910				
>5.00 to 5.60	± 0.040	1810 to 1910	40	-		
>5.60 to 6.00		1760 to 1860				
>6.00 to 6.50		1760 to 1860				

- a) Range of tensile strength within one coil max.50 MPa
  - b) Ovality: Difference between the largest and smallest diameter of a cross section does not exceed 50% of the diameter tolerance.
  - c) Yield point (0.2%limit) at least 90% of the tensile strength
  - d) Modulus of elasticity  
E= 206.000 MPa (Standard)  
Shear Modulus  
G = 79.500 MPa (Standard)
  - e) Torsion tests are carried out according to EN 10218-1
- <sup>1)</sup> End samples

**Surface inspection:**

Wires with diameters from 2.5 to 6.5 mm are eddy current surface inspected after oil hardening and tempering using a combination of two methods to detect both transverse and longitudinal defects. Testing of wires <2.50 mm can be agreed upon separately. Defect ≥40µm are recorded and marked.

**Heat treatment:**

After coiling, the springs should be stress relieved as soon as possible at 380° – 425°C, with a holding time of 30 minutes at temperature.

After shot peening, the springs must be stress relieved at approx. 240°C for 30 minutes.

**Shot peening:**

The shot size and blast time must be chosen to ensure complete coverage of the inside of the springs.

Particular attention should be paid to the above in case of springs with small index and pitch.

**Please inquire for special tolerances, tensiles, sections, etc.**